

School Diabetes Medical Management Forms

Student Name _____ DOB _____

Medical History	Parent/Guardian Response (check appropriate boxes and complete blanks)	
Diagnosis information	At what age?	Type of diabetes?
How often is child seen by diabetes physician?	Frequency:	Date of last visit:
Nutritional needs	♦ Snacks <input type="checkbox"/> ___ AM <input type="checkbox"/> ___ PM <input type="checkbox"/> ___ Prior to Exercise/Activity <input type="checkbox"/> Only in case of low blood glucose <input type="checkbox"/> Student may determine if CHO counting <input type="checkbox"/> In the event of a class party may eat the treat (include insulin coverage if indicated in medical orders) <input type="checkbox"/> student able to determine whether to eat the treat <input type="checkbox"/> replace with parent supplied treat <input type="checkbox"/> may NOT eat the treat ♦ Other _____	
Child's most common signs of low blood glucose	<input type="checkbox"/> trembling <input type="checkbox"/> tingling <input type="checkbox"/> loss of coordination <input type="checkbox"/> dizziness <input type="checkbox"/> moist skin/sweating <input type="checkbox"/> slurred speech <input type="checkbox"/> heart pounding <input type="checkbox"/> hunger <input type="checkbox"/> confusion <input type="checkbox"/> weakness <input type="checkbox"/> fatigue <input type="checkbox"/> seizure <input type="checkbox"/> pale skin <input type="checkbox"/> headache <input type="checkbox"/> unconsciousness <input type="checkbox"/> change in mood or behavior <input type="checkbox"/> other _____	
How often does child experience low blood glucose and how severe?	Mild/Moderate <input type="checkbox"/> once a day <input type="checkbox"/> once a week <input type="checkbox"/> once a month Indicate date(s) of last mild/moderate episode(s) _____ What time of day is most common for hypoglycemia to occur? _____ Severe (i.e. unconscious, unable to swallow, seizure, or needed Glucagon): Include date(s) of recent episode(s) _____	
Episode(s) of ketoacidosis	Include date(s) of recent episode(s) _____	
Field trips	Parent/guardian will accompany child during field trips? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, if available	
Serious illness, injuries or hospitalizations this past year	Date(s) and describe _____	
List any other medications currently being taken	_____	
Allergies (include foods, medications, etc):	_____	
Other concerns and comments	_____	

I give permission to the school nurse and designated school personnel*, who have been trained and are under the supervision of the school nurse to perform and carry out the diabetes care tasks as outlined in my child's *Diabetes Medical Management Plan* as ordered by the physician. I give permission to the designated school personnel, who have been trained to perform the following diabetes care tasks for my child.

Insulin Administration YES NO Glucagon Administration YES NO

I understand that I am to provide all supplies to the school necessary for the treatment of my child's diabetes. I also consent to the release of information contained in the Diabetes Medical Management Plan to staff members and other adults who have custodial care of my child and who may need to know this information to maintain my child's health and safety. I also give permission to contact the above named physician and members of the diabetes management team regarding my child's diabetes should the need arise.

Parent/Guardian Name _____ Date _____

Parent/Guardian Signature _____

School Nurse's Name _____ Date _____

School Nurse's Signature _____

*Note: If at any time you would like to have the names of the designated school personnel that have been trained, please contact the school nurse. Names and training records are kept in the school clinic.

Diabetes Medical Management Plan (DMMP)

(To be completed by physician/provider)

Institution/Physician Name and Address

Department

Patient Label or MRN, Acct#, Patient Name, DOB, Date of Service

**DIABETES MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN
INTENSIVE THERAPY**

Notice to Parents: Medication(s) **MUST** be brought to school by the PARENT/GUARDIAN in a container that is appropriately labeled by the pharmacy or physician/practitioner.

In order for schools to safely administer medication during school hours, the following regulations should be observed:

- A new copy of the DMMP must be completed at the beginning of each school year. This form, an Authorization for Medication Administration form, or MD prescription must be received in order to change diabetes care at school during the school year.

Student Name (Last, First, MI)	Student's Date of Birth	
School	Student's Grade	Home Phone
Parent Name	Work/Cell Phone	
Home Address	City	State, Zip code
Student's Diagnosis: DIABETES: <input type="checkbox"/> Type 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Type 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Other	Today's Date	

MONITORING		
<p>BLOOD GLUCOSE (BG) MONITORING with meter, lancets, lancing device, and test strips</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Student requires supervision <input type="checkbox"/> To be performed by school personnel <input type="checkbox"/> Student is independent <input type="checkbox"/> Permission to self-carry</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Before meals <input type="checkbox"/> For symptoms of hypo/hyperglycemia & anytime the student does not feel well <input type="checkbox"/> Before PE/Activity <input type="checkbox"/> After PE/Activity <input type="checkbox"/> Prior to dismissal <input type="checkbox"/> Additional BG monitoring may be performed at parent's request</p>
<p>CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORING (CGM)</p> <p>Brand/Model: _____</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>Alarms set for: Low: _____ (mg/dL) High: _____ (mg/dL)</p>	<p>Always confirm CGM results with finger stick check before taking action on sensor blood glucose level. If student has symptoms or signs of hypoglycemia, check finger stick blood glucose level regardless of CGM.</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/> URINE KETONE TESTING <input type="checkbox"/> BLOOD KETONE TESTING</p>	<p>Anytime the BG > _____ mg/dL or when student complains of nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain. See page 3 for further instructions under hyperglycemia management.</p>	

NAME OF MEDICATION	DOSE/ROUTE	TIME		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GLUCAGON - INJECTABLE	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.5 mg subq/IM <input type="checkbox"/> 1.0 mg subq/IM	Immediately for severe hypoglycemia: unconscious, semi-conscious (unable to control his/her airway or unable to swallow), or seizing		
	DOSAGE	TIME	POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS	TREATMENT OF SIDE EFFECTS
<input type="checkbox"/> Glucophage® (Metformin) <input type="checkbox"/> to be administered at school	_____ mg po	_____ AM or PM	Nausea/vomiting, diarrhea	Clear liquids
<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____® <input type="checkbox"/> to be administered at school				

Additional Instructions:

Specific duration of order: 20 ___ - 20 ___ SCHOOL YEAR	Physician/Provider Signature: _____	Provider Printed Name: _____	Office Phone: _____ Office Fax: _____ Emergency # _____
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Institution/Physician Name and Address

DEPARTMENT
DIABETES MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN INTENSIVE THERAPY

Patient Label or MRN, Acct#, Patient name, DOB, Date of Service

SCHOOL YEAR 20 -20 DIABETES SCHOOL CARE PLAN

Student:

Intensive Therapy/Multiple Daily Injections

Effective date:

Definitions

Insulin-to-Carbohydrate Ratio (CHO Ratio)	Insulin Sensitivity (Correction Factor)	Target Blood Glucose
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the amount of insulin necessary to prevent hyperglycemia after ingestion of a specified amount of carbohydrate usually expressed as "1 unit for every ___ grams of carbohydrate" 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the predicted drop in blood glucose concentration after administration of 1 unit of regular or rapid-acting insulin usually expressed as "1 unit for every ___ mg/dl blood glucose is > target" 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a specific blood glucose value used to determine the correction dose of insulin administered with a meal

INSULIN	
Insulin to be given during school hours: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> May calculate/give own injections with supervision	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rapid-acting Insulin Type: _____ [®] <i>(all doses to be administered subcutaneously)</i>	Timing of Insulin Dose: Rapid-acting Insulin should always be given prior to <input type="checkbox"/> meals <input type="checkbox"/> snacks if CHO intake can be predetermined. > If CHO intake cannot be predetermined insulin should be given no more than 30 minutes after completion of meal/snack. > Treat hypoglycemia before administration of meal or snack insulin.
<input type="checkbox"/> _____ [®] _____ units at _____ am or pm <input type="checkbox"/> may mix with rapid-acting insulin <i>(all doses to be administered subcutaneously)</i>	
CALCULATING INSULIN DOSES: According to CHO ratio and Insulin Sensitivity/Correction Factor (if needed) - the student requires meal time coverage with rapid-acting insulin based on the amount of carbohydrates in the meal and may require additional insulin to correct blood glucose to the desired range according to the following formula: Insulin Dose = [(Actual BG – Target pre-meal BG) divided by Insulin Sensitivity] + [# carbohydrates consumed/CHO Ratio]	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fractional amounts of insulin from correction and carbohydrate calculation, when added together, may yield an even amount of insulin If uneven, then round to the nearest half or whole unit (May use clinical discretion; if physical activity follows meal, then may round down). 	
Target pre-meal BG: _____ mg/dL	Insulin Sensitivity/Correction Factor: _____ unit for every _____ > target
CHO Ratio: <input type="checkbox"/> Parent has permission to adjust CHO ratio in a range from 1:_____ to 1:_____	Exercise/PE CHO Ratio: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Less insulin may be required with meals prior to physical activity in order to prevent hypoglycemia. If so, the Exercise/PE CHO Ratio should be used instead of the CHO Ratio.
<input type="checkbox"/> Correction insulin to be administered for elevated blood glucose if 3 hours or more after last insulin dose	

Snacks

- In general, children with diabetes managed using Intensive Therapy/MDI do not require snacks.
- Scheduled snacks may be required prior to or after exercise in order to prevent hypoglycemia. Insulin is not administered with these snacks.
 Before Exercise After Exercise
- Foods may be eaten at unscheduled times. Insulin may be ordered for these snacks in order to prevent post-meal hyperglycemia (see above).
- Snack time insulin = # carbohydrates consumed/CHO Ratio.
- Never provide insulin coverage for carbohydrate/glucose being used to treat hypoglycemia.

Exercise and Sports

- In general, there are no restrictions on activity unless specifically noted.
- A student should not exercise if his/her blood glucose is < _____ mg/dL or > 300 mg/dL (with positive ketones) immediately prior to exercise or until hypoglycemia/hyperglycemia is resolved.
- A source of fast-acting glucose & glucagon should be available in case of hypoglycemia.

Specific duration of order: 20__--20__ SCHOOL YEAR	Physician/Provider Signature: _____	Provider Printed Name: _____	Office Phone: _____ Office Fax: _____ Emergency #
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Institution/Physician Name And Address

Patient Label or MRN, Acct#, Patient name, DOB, Date of Service

DEPARTMENT
DIABETES MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN
INTENSIVE THERAPY

SCHOOL YEAR 20 -20 DIABETES SCHOOL CARE PLAN

Student:
Effective date:

Hypoglycemia (Low Blood Glucose)

Hypoglycemia is defined as a blood glucose < _____ mg/dL

Signs of hypoglycemia:

Hunger	Sweating	Shakiness	Paleness	Dizziness
Confusion	Loss of coordination	Fatigue	Fighting	Crying
Day-dreaming	Inability to concentrate	Anger	Passing-out	Seizure

- If hypoglycemia is suspected, check the blood glucose level.

Hypoglycemia Management (Low Blood Glucose)	<p>Severe Hypoglycemia: If student unconscious, semi-conscious (unable to control his/her airway or unable to swallow) or seizing, administer glucagon.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place student in the "recovery position." • If glucagon is administered, call 911 for emergency assistance, and call Parents/Legal Guardian.
	<p>Mild or Moderate Hypoglycemia: If conscious & able to swallow, immediately give 15 grams fast-acting glucose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3-4 glucose tablets or • 6 Life Saver® Candies or • 4 ounces of regular soda/juice or • 1 small tube Glucose/Cake gel
	<p>Repeat BG check in 15 minutes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If BG still low, then re-treat with 15 gram CHO • If BG in acceptable range and at lunch or snack time, let student eat and cover CHO per orders • If BG in acceptable range and not lunch or snack time, provide student slowly-released CHO snack (Example: 3-4 peanut butter or cheese crackers or ½ sandwich)
	<p>If unable to raise the BG > 70 mg/dL despite fast-acting glucose sources, call _____</p>

Hyperglycemia (High Blood Glucose)

Signs of hyperglycemia:

Extreme thirst	Frequent urination	Blurry Vision	Hunger	Headache
Nausea	Hyperactivity	Dry Skin	Dizziness	Stomach ache

- If hyperglycemia is suspected, check the blood glucose level.

Hyperglycemia Management (High Blood Glucose)	<p>If BG > 300 mg/dL, or when child complains of nausea, vomiting, and/or abdominal pain, ask the student to check his/her urine for ketones</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If urine ketones are trace to small (blood ketones 0 - 1.0 mmol/L), give 8-16 ounces of sugar-free fluid (water), return to classroom • If correction insulin has not been administered within 3 hours, provide correction insulin according to student's Correction Factor and Target pre-meal BG • Recheck BG and ketones 2 hours after administering insulin
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If urine ketones are moderate/large (blood ketones >1.0 mmol/L), give 8-16 ounces of sugar-free fluid (water) and call _____ for instructions concerning insulin administration. • Contact the Parent/Legal Guardian. • Recheck BG and ketones 2 hours after administering insulin

My signature below provides authorization for the above written orders. I/We understand that all treatments and procedures may be performed by the school nurse, the student and / or trained unlicensed designated school personnel under the training and supervision provided by the school nurse (or by EMS in the event of loss of consciousness or seizure) in accordance with state laws & regulations. I also give permission for the school to contact the health care provider regarding these orders and administration of these medications.

School plan ordered by:	Physician/Provider Signature:	Provider Printed Name:	Date:
Acknowledged and received by:	Parent/Legal Guardian:		Date:
Acknowledged and received by:	School Representative:		Date:

DIABETES MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Patient Label or MRN, Acct#, Patient name, DOB, Date of Service

(To be completed by physician/provider, diabetes educator, and parent/guardian.)

Part 3: Insulin Pump Supplement

Effective date: _____

Student Name: _____		Date of Birth: _____		
Pump Brand/Model: _____ TM		Pump Company Technical Assistance Number: _____		
Pump Trainer/Resource Person: _____		Phone/Beeper: _____		
Child-Lock On? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Code: <u>17</u> (applicable to Cozmo Deltec TM Pump only)				
How long has student worn an insulin pump? _____ or _____				
<input type="checkbox"/> Patient is new to pump therapy and is to initiate use of pump on _____ (date)				
INSULIN / PUMP SETTINGS				
<input type="checkbox"/> Rapid-acting Insulin Type: _____ [®]		Timing of Insulin Dose (Bolus Insulin): Rapid-acting Insulin should always be given prior to <input type="checkbox"/> meals <input type="checkbox"/> snacks if CHO intake can be predetermined. > If CHO intake cannot be predetermined insulin should be given no more than 30 minutes after completion of meal/snack. > Treat hypoglycemia before administration of meal or snack insulin.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Use pump bolus calculator to determine all meal, snack and correction doses unless set or pump malfunction occurs.				
Calculating Insulin Doses: According to CHO ratio and Correction Factor (if needed) - the student requires meal time coverage with rapid-acting insulin based on the amount of carbohydrates in meal and may require additional insulin to correct blood glucose to the desired range according to the following formula: Insulin Dose = [(Actual BG – Target pre-meal BG) divided by Insulin Sensitivity] + [# carbohydrates consumed/CHO Ratio]				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fractional amounts of insulin from correction and carbohydrate calculation, when added together, may yield an even amount of insulin • If uneven, then round to the nearest whole or half unit (May use clinical discretion; if physical activity follows meal, then may round down). 				
Target pre-meal BG: _____ mg/dL		Insulin Sensitivity/Correction Factor: _____ unit for every _____ > target		
CHO Ratio:	<input type="checkbox"/> Parent has permission to adjust CHO ratio in a range from 1: _____ to 1: _____	Exercise/PE CHO Ratio: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable • Less insulin may be required with meals prior to physical activity in order to prevent hypoglycemia. If so, the Exercise/PE CHO Ratio should be used instead of the CHO Ratio.		
Extra pump supplies to be furnished by parent/guardian: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> infusion sets <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> reservoirs <input type="checkbox"/> pods for OmniPod TM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dressings/tape <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> insulin <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> syringes/insulin pen <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pump manufacturer instructions				
STUDENT PUMP SKILLS			Comments/Additional Instructions:	
1. Count carbohydrates	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
2. Bolus for carbohydrates consumed	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
3. Calculate and administer correction bolus	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
4. Disconnect pump	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
5. Reconnect pump at infusion set	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
6. Access bolus history on pump	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
7. Prepare reservoir and tubing	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent			
8. Insert infusion set	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent			
9. Use & programming of square/extended/dual/combo bolus features	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
10. Use and programming of temporary basals for exercise and illness	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
11. Give injection with syringe or pen, if needed	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
12. Re-program pump settings if needed	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			
13. Trouble shoot alarms and malfunctions	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Assistance			

Specific duration of order: 20__--20__ SCHOOL YEAR	Physician/Provider Signature: : _____	Provider Printed Name: _____	Office Phone: _____ Office Fax: _____ Emergency # _____
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Institution /Physician Name and Address

DIABETES MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Patient Label or MRN, Acct#, Patient name, DOB, Date of Service

HYPOGLYCEMIA MANAGEMENT (Low Blood Glucose):

Follow instructions in DMMP, but in addition:

If seizure or unresponsiveness occurs:

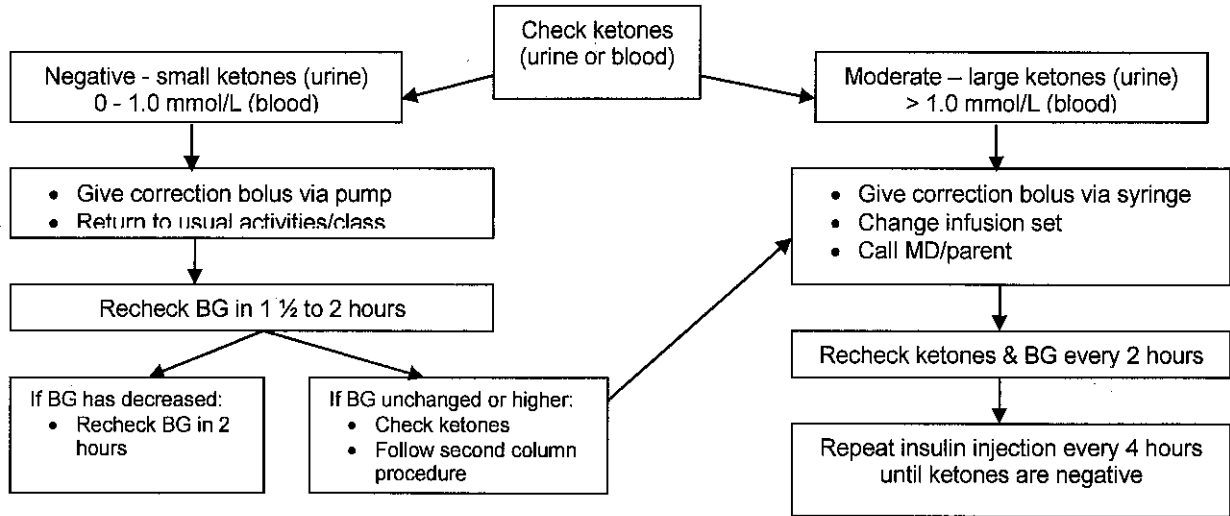
1. **Treat with Glucagon** (See Diabetes Medical Management Plan)
2. **Call 911** (or designate another individual to do so)
3. **Stop insulin pump** by any of the following methods (Send pump with EMS to hospital):
 - > Placing in "suspend" or stop mode (See manufacturer's instructions)
 - > Disconnecting at site, pigtail or clip
 - > Cutting tubing
4. Notify parent
5. If pump was removed, send with EMS to hospital

HYPERGLYCEMIA MANAGEMENT (High Blood Glucose)

Follow instructions in diabetes medical management plan (DMMP), but in addition:

Prevention of DKA (Diabetic Ketoacidosis)

If Blood Glucose (BG) is >250 mg/dL two times in a row, drink 8-16 oz. of water/hour and follow below:



ADDITIONAL TIMES TO CONTACT PARENT/GUARDIAN

- ◆ Soreness, redness or bleeding at infusion site
- ◆ Leakage of insulin at connection to pump or infusion site
- ◆ Insulin injection given for high BG/ketones
- ◆ Dislodged infusion set
- ◆ Pump malfunction
- ◆ Repeated Alarms

Other Instructions:

My signature below provides authorization for the above written orders. I/We understand that all treatments and procedures may be performed by the school nurse, the student and / or trained unlicensed designated school personnel under the training and supervision provided by the school nurse (or by EMS in the event of loss of consciousness or seizure) in accordance with state laws & regulations.

School plan reviewed by:	Physician/Provider Signature:	Provider Printed Name:	Date:
Acknowledged and received by:	Parent/Legal Guardian:		Date:
Acknowledged and received by:	School Representative:		Date:

Part 4: Permission to Self-Carry and Self Administer Diabetes Care

To be completed by physician/provider, parent/guardian and student. This form is not required by law, but serves to inform everyone of expectations and responsibilities.

Student Name: _____ Birthdate: _____

Student's physician or licensed nurse practitioner confirms that the student has a diagnosis of diabetes, is independent and can perform diabetes care, and has approval to self-administer his/her diabetes care including:

- glucose monitoring
- insulin calculation and administration (including pump operation & pump equipment)

The student understands that he/she is to promptly report to the school nurse or adult as soon as symptoms of high or low blood glucose appear or when not feeling well.

I agree to prepare a written Diabetes Medical Management Plan in consultation with student's parents and appropriate school personnel.

Specific duration of order: 20 -- 20 SCHOOL YEAR	Physician/Provider Signature: _____	Provider Printed Name: _____	Office Phone: _____ Office Fax: _____ Date: _____
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My child has been instructed in and understands his/her diabetic self-management. My child understands that he/ she is responsible and accountable for carrying and using his/her medication and equipment.

I will provide the school nurse/school administrator with a copy of my child's Diabetes Medical Management Plan signed by his/her physician.

I hereby give permission for the school to administer the medications as prescribed in the care plan, if indicated (ie. Student requests assistance or becomes unable to perform self-care).

I also give permission for the school to contact the above physician/nurse practitioner regarding my child's diabetes care (authorization required if contact is other than the school nurse).

I will not hold the school board or any of its employees liable for any negative outcomes resulting from the self-administration of diabetes medication by my child.

I understand that the school nurse, after consultation with the parent/guardian and school administrator, may impose reasonable limitations or restrictions upon my child's possession and self-administration of diabetes medications relative to his/her age and maturity or other relevant considerations.

I understand that the school administration may revoke permission to possess and self-administer said diabetes medication at any point during the school year if it is determined that my child has abused the privilege of possession and self-administration or he/she is not safely and effectively self-administering the medication. In addition, my child could be subject to further disciplinary action.

Parent/Guardian Signature

Date

Student Signature

Date

A new Health Care Plan is required on an annual basis and a revision made with any significant change in the student's health status.